acc. to OSHA, Appendix D to § 1910.1200

MVP Oxy-Gen

Version number: GHS 2.1
Replaces version of: 2015-05-26 (GHS 1)
Date of compilation: 2015-11-03

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name MVP Oxy-Gen

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses all-purpose cleaner

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

MVP Distributing 2854 S Featherly Way Boise, ID 83709 208-859-6000

Competent person responsible for the SDS

Robert Blahnik

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service

USA 1.800.535.5053, INTL 1.352.323.3500 24 hour emergency telephone number.

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Annex - Hazard class and category - Hazard statement code(s)

A.3 serious eye damage/eye irritation Cat. 2 (Eye Irrit. 2) H319

Remarks

For full text of H-phrases: see SECTION 16.

Hazards not otherwise classified

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects (GHS category 3: aquatic toxicity - acute and chronic).

May be harmful if swallowed (GHS category 5: acutely toxic - oral).

2.2 Label elements

Labelling acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Signal word warning

Pictograms

GHS07



Hazard statements

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

Precautionary statements - response

acc. to OSHA, Appendix D to § 1910.1200

MVP Oxy-Gen

Version number: GHS 2.1 Replaces version of: 2015-05-26 (GHS 1) Date of compilation: 2015-11-03

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

2.3 Other hazards

There is no additional information.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

not relevant (mixture)

3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Hazard class and category		Hazard state- ment
hydrogen peroxide	CAS No 7722-84-1	5 - < 10	B.13 A.10 A.11 A.2 A.3 A.8R	Ox. Liq. 1 Acute Tox. 4 Acute Tox. 4 Skin Corr. 1A Eye Dam. 1 STOT SE 3	H271 H302 H332 H314 H318 H335

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1 Description of firs- aid measures

General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air.

Following skin contact

After contact with skin, take off immediately all contaminated clothing, and wash immediately with plenty of water.

Following eye contact

Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

acc. to OSHA, Appendix D to § 1910.1200

MVP Oxy-Gen

Version number: GHS 2.1 Replaces version of: 2015-05-26 (GHS 1) Date of compilation: 2015-11-03

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

water spray, alcohol resistant foam, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products

nitrogen oxides (NOx), carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO2)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advices on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

Advices on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage (sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder).

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal precautions: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

acc. to OSHA, Appendix D to § 1910.1200

MVP Oxy-Gen

Version number: GHS 2.1 Replaces version of: 2015-05-26 (GHS 1) Date of compilation: 2015-11-03

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Use only in well-ventilated areas.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not to eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Managing of associated risks

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe compatible storage of chemicals.

Control of the effects

Protect against external exposure, such as

frost

Consideration of other advice

Packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to DOT) may be used.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Coun- try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]	Source
US	hydrogen peroxide	7722-84-1	PEL	1	1.4			29 CFR OSHA

Notation

STEL Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period unless

otherwise specified.

TWA Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit); measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted

average.

Relevant DNELs/DMELs/PNECs and other threshold levels

No data available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

acc. to OSHA, Appendix D to § 1910.1200

MVP Oxy-Gen

Version number: GHS 2.1 Date of compilation: 2015-11-03 Replaces version of: 2015-05-26 (GHS 1)

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

Skin protection

hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state liquid
Color colorless
Odor characteristic

Other physical and chemical parameters

pH (value) 4.5 - 5 (25 °C)

Melting point/freezing point -7 °C Initial boiling point and boiling range 100 °C

Flash point not determined

(closed cup)

Evaporation rate not determined
Flammability (solid, gas) not relevant (fluid)
Explosive limits not determined
Vapor pressure 31.69 hPa at 25 °C
Density 0.95 - 1.05 9/cm³

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility miscible in any proportion

Partition coefficient

n-octanol/water (log KOW)

This information is not available.

Auto-ignition temperature not determined Viscosity not determined

Explosive properties none
Oxidizing properties none

acc. to OSHA, Appendix D to § 1910.1200

MVP Oxy-Gen

Version number: GHS 2.1 Replaces version of: 2015-05-26 (GHS 1) Date of compilation: 2015-11-03

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials".

10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

There are no specific conditions known which have to be avoided.

Physical stresses which might result in a hazardous situation and have to be avoided strong shocks

10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

Acute toxicity of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
hydrogen peroxide	7722-84-1	oral	500
hydrogen peroxide	7722-84-1	inhalation: vapor	11

Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitizer.

Summary of evaluation of the CMR properties

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic, carcinogenic nor as a reproductive toxicant.

acc. to OSHA, Appendix D to § 1910.1200

MVP Oxy-Gen

Version number: GHS 2.1 Date of compilation: 2015-11-03 Replaces version of: 2015-05-26 (GHS 1)

Carcinogenicity

IARC Monographs

• National Toxicology Program (United States):

none of the ingredients are listed none of the ingredients are listed

Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	wt%	Classifica- tion	Remarks	Number
hydrogen peroxide	Hydrogen peroxide	7722-84-1	7.802	3		Volume 36, Sup 7, 71

Leaend

3

Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity in humans.

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant.

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Aquatic toxicity (acute)

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

12.6 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packages

Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

acc. to OSHA, Appendix D to § 1910.1200

MVP Oxy-Gen

Version number: GHS 2.1 Date of compilation: 2015-11-03 Replaces version of: 2015-05-26 (GHS 1)

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

14.2 UN proper shipping name not relevant

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Class

14.4 Packing group not relevant

14.5 Environmental hazards none (non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regu-

lations)

14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question National regulations (United States)

SARA TITLE III (Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act)

List of Extremely Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 355) (EPCRA Section none of the ingredients are listed 302 and 304)

Name of substance	CAS No	Notes	Reportable quant- ity (pounds)	Threshold plan- ning quantity (pounds)
hydrogen peroxide	7722-84-1	f	1,000	1000

Legend

Chemical on the original list that does not meet toxicity criteria but because of its acute lethality, high production volume and known risk is considered chemical of concern ("Other chemicals"). (November 17, 1986, and February 15, 1990.).

Specific Toxic Chemical Listings (40 CFR 372) (EPCRA Section 313) none of the ingredients are listed

Industry or sector specific available guidance(s) NPCA-HMIS® III

Hazardous Materials Identification System (American Coatings Association)

Category	Rating	Description
Chronic	/	None.
Health	2	Temporary or minor injury may occur.
Flammability	0	Materials that will not burn under typical fire conditions.
Physical hazard	0	Materials that are normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosives.
Personal protective equipment	-	

acc. to OSHA, Appendix D to § 1910.1200

MVP Oxy-Gen

Version number: GHS 2.1 Replaces version of: 2015-05-26 (GHS 1) Date of compilation: 2015-11-03

NFPA® 704

National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States)

Category	Degree of hazard	Description
Flammability	1	Materials that must be preheated before ignition can occur.
Health	0	Materials that, under emergency conditions, would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible material.
Instability	0	Materials that are normally stable, even under fire conditions.
Special hazard		

Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

none of the ingredients are listed

Name of substance	CAS No	Remarks	Classifications
hydrogen peroxide	7722-84-1		CO MU R3

Legend

CO Corrosive. MU Mutagenic.

R3 Reactive - Third Degree.

Proposition 65 List of chemicals

none of the ingredients are listed

Relevant European Union (EU) safety, health and environmental provisions

Classification according to GHS (1272/2008/EC, CLP)

Hazard class Category Hazard class and category

serious eye damage/eye irritation 2 (Eye Irrit. 2)

hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard 3 (Aquatic Chronic 3)

SECTION 16: Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

16.2 Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
29 CFR OSHA	29 CFR §1910.1001 - Occupational Safety and Health Standards: Toxic and Hazardous Substances (permissible exposure limits)
Acute Tox.	acute toxicity
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labeling and packaging of substances and mixtures
CMR	Carcinogenic, Mutagenic or toxic for Reproduction
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
DOT	Department of Transportation (USA)
Eye Dam.	seriously damaging to the eye
Eye Irrit.	irritant to the eye

acc. to OSHA, Appendix D to § 1910.1200

MVP Oxy-Gen

Version number: GHS 2.1 Replaces version of: 2015-05-26 (GHS 1)

> Descriptions of used abbreviations Abbr. GHS "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations IARC IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans Monographs **MARPOL** International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (abbr. of "Marine Pollutant) **NFPA® 704** National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States) NPCA-HMIS® National Paint and Coatings Association: Hazardous Materials Identification System - HMIS® III, Third Edition OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration (United States) Ox. Liq. oxidizing liquid PBT Persistent. Bioaccumulative and Toxic **PNEC** Predicted No-Effect Concentration ppm parts per million Skin Corr. corrosive to skin Skin Irrit. irritant to skin STOT SE specific target organ toxicity - single exposure vPvB very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

16.3 Key literature references and sources for data

- OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200
- 49 CFR § 172.101 Hazardous Materials Table (DOT)

16.4 Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture.

Health hazards/Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

16.5

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H271	may cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer
H302	harmful if swallowed
H314	causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318	causes serious eye damage
H319	causes serious eye irritation
H332	harmful if inhaled
H335	may cause respiratory irritation

Date of compilation: 2015-11-03

acc. to OSHA, Appendix D to § 1910.1200

MVP Oxy-Gen

Version number: GHS 2.1
Replaces version of: 2015-05-26 (GHS 1)
Date of compilation: 2015-11-03

16.7 Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.